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• The national average age of death of homeless population in UK is 47yrs.

 After 5 years of providing Routine GP Outreach the average age of death of homeless population has gone from 47yrs to 54yrs*.

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(*statistically significant)

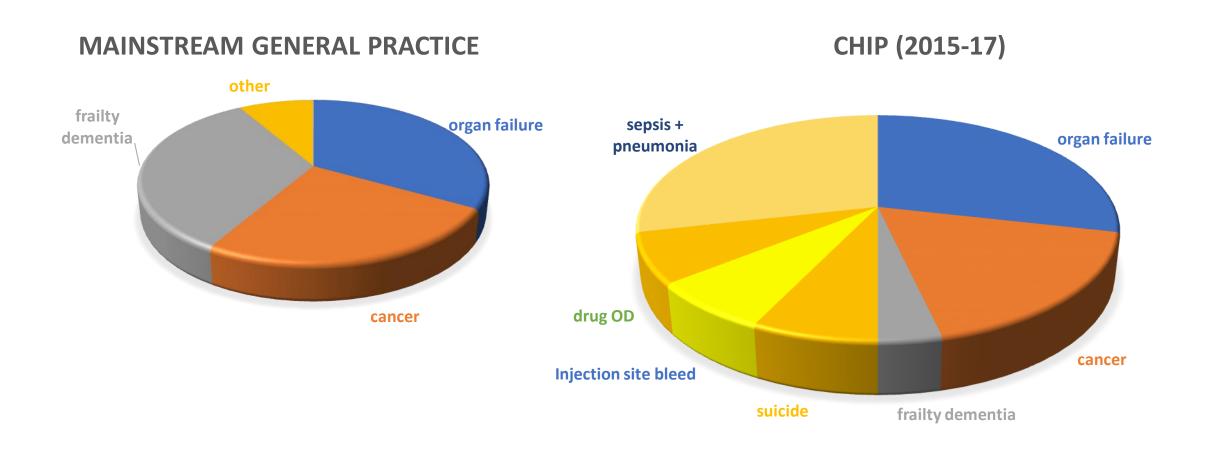
Background- Camden Health Improvement Practice (CHIP).

- Specialist homeless practice.
- Approx. 850 homeless patients.
- Approx 81% male and 19% female.
- Age 18-93yrs (average age 55yrs). No children registered at the practice.
- Homeless.
 - Hostels,
 - Street Homeless,
 - Sofa Surfing,
 - Private rented,
 - Social housing.
- A lot of morbidity and chronic disease.
- Mental Health (30% have diagnosis of Severe Mental Illness).

Audit of Deaths of Homeless Patients at CHIP 2015

- 2014-15 audit of deaths at CHIP.
- Average age 44yrs old.
- Rate of death twice that of mainstream practice.
- 10 yr retrospective audit of deaths 2005-2015.
- Average age of death 47yrs.
- Cause of death.
 - 50% unknown, undocumented
 - 50% documented... ? What were the causes of death.

Causes of Death (where known)



QUESTIONS...

- How can we increase life expectancy?
- Reduce morbidity?
- Provide better End Of Life Care (EOLC)?

PROPOSED ANSWER...

- Identify high risk individuals.
- Target resources to those at highest risk.
- Measure outcome.

High Risk Register- key indicators

- WHICH PATIENTS GO ON THE HIGH RISK REGISTER?
 - Sepsis (Hx of pneumonia, frailty, leg ulcers etc. Flu and pneumonia jabs).
 - Multi-organ failure, (especially alcoholic liver disease, also heart failure, renal failure).
 - Suicide risk,
 - Accidental Overdose risk/ injection site risk.
 - Cancer, (Qcancer risk, 2WW, confirmed diagnosis).
 - Dementia,
 - Frailty.
- High A&E attendance (High Risk Q-Admission score).
- Non-engaged (60% were not engaged with GP or secondary care).

Resources

- x2 GP sessions (8 hours per week),
- A medical bag,
- A bicycle,
- A multi-disciplinary team!
 - Part of an established specialist homelessness practice (GPs, Nurses, admin, EMIS).
 - Hostel keyworkers,
 - Navigators (Groundswell),
 - Social Worker,
 - Drug and Alcohol services,
 - FOCUS (psychiatrist led mental health team for homeless patients),
 - Safer Streets,
 - FLIC,
 - Community Palliative Care Team,
 - District Nurses,
 - Links with Secondary Care when required.

Solution-Routine GP Outreach

Identify nonengaged high risk patient Engage with GP Outreach

+

MDT

Patient engaged with clinics at CHIP

MDT

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GP Outreach safety net

Patient engaged with mainstream GP services

Triage Military Priority (P) system.

- Priority 1
 - P1- treat immediately!
 - P1 expectant- hold.
- Priority 2
- Priority 3
- Used by military (and civilian emergency services) when resources overwhelmed by demand.
- High risk, street homeless the most worrying. But their priority is the homeless pathway.
- Most GP Outreach is focussed on high risk patients in hostels or other stable settings.

Routine GP Outreach- what does it look like?

- ACTIVE- List of approx. 50 patients I visit every 4 weeks. (Probably in hostel or flat. Rarely the street).
- Vigilance
 - Sepsis,
 - Encephalopathy,
 - Suicide,
 - Organ failure (liver and renal),
 - Dementia,
 - Cancer,
 - Readiness to engage with psychological or addiction services.
- Script compliance
 - hypertension, diabetes, epilepsy, depression, psychosis, thiamine.
- Diagnose, investigate and monitor.
- Attend Multi-disciplinary Team Meetings (MDTM).
- Other
 - Support hostel staff? Advocate with Social Services? Hold in mind?
- SAFETYNET- Additional list of approx. 30 patients who I review 'remotely'

Solution-Routine GP Outreach 2020

- I have approx. 50 patients that I see, in hostels every 4 weeks.
- I have a further 'safety net' list of approx. 30 patients that I monitor on EMIS or via MDTM.

Identify nonengaged high risk
patient

(15 patients on my
radar)

Engage with GP
Outreach +

MDT (50 patients)

Patient engaged with clinics at CHIP

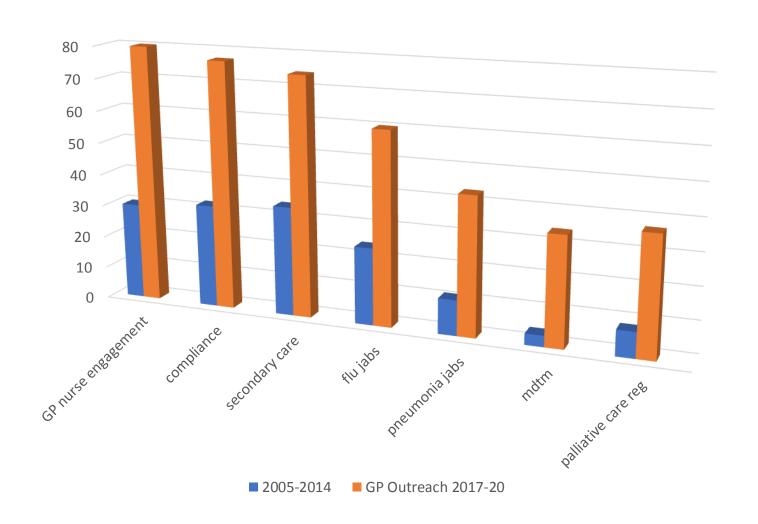
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MDT+ GP Outreach safety net
(15 patients)

Patient engaged with mainstream GP services

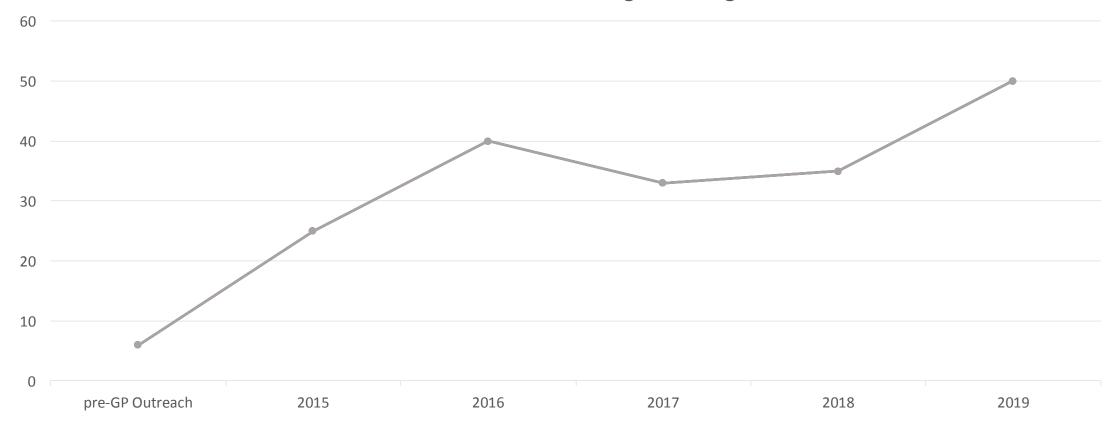
Outcomes

Engagement amongst patients who died.



Outcome





- The national average age of death of homeless population is 47yrs.
- Before Routine GP Outreach the average age of death of homeless population was 47yrs.
- After 5 years of providing Routine GP Outreach in the last 3 years the average age of death of homeless population was 54yrs.
- This is a statistically significant change.

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